

Power Strip Work Sheet



PROTECT YOUR INVESTMENT

<u>Your</u> television, stereo/radio, game-boy, and other <u>electrical products</u> that you have purchased <u>can be seriously damaged or destroyed from overloaded circuits and electrical devices</u>. This worksheet is designed to help you protect your investments by doing some simple calculations to determine the electrical load on your power strip. Take a few minutes to complete the worksheet below. <u>Remember</u>, do not include your refrigerator or microwave in this equation because they cannot be plugged into a power strip; they must be plugged directly into the wall outlet. Also, <u>you cannot daisy-chain power strips</u> to increase your capabilities. In fact, this will have the opposite effect and increase your chances of an electrical overload... and loss of your equipment!

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Look for the UL or CE certification or label mark on your power strip.
- 2. Look for AMP rating on your power strip and write that value in the last line.
- 3. Look for the rated AC input on each appliance to be plugged into the power strip, and write those values in the last column. (NOTE: if it does not say 220V do not plug it in without a converter.)
- 4. If no AMPS are shown, look for the WATTS and write that number in the WATTS column. Divide WATTS by 220V and write the result in AMPS column.
- 5. Total ALL the AMPS. Your total CANNOT exceed the AMPS of your power strip.

Appliance	WATTS		AMPS
VCR	250	/220 =	1.1
Coffee Maker	800	/220 =	3.6
Computer	N/A	/220 =	2.3
Microwave	1,100	/220 =	5.0
TV	250	/220 =	1.1
Hair Dryer	1,000	/220 =	4.5
Stereo Radio	500	/220 =	2.5
THIS TOTAL → CANNOT EXCEED the Power Strip Rating below			20.1
POWER STRIP RATED AMPS:			(10.0)

The illustrates how to use this worksheet and reflects the items she had plugged into the strip. Note that she had the microwave which is a no go.



